READING CRITERIA

- Demonstrates comprehension of vocabulary related to clarifying, checking, indicating understanding; stating similarities/ differences; making excuses; apologizing, complaining, agreeing/disagreeing; inviting, accepting, declining invitations; describing events, problems and situations
- Reads and comprehends simple descriptive paragraphs that are related to the ESOL II functions and supporting grammar
- Recognizes the grammar elements that express the functions and demonstrate command of verbs in the affirmative, negative and interrogative forms of the past and past progressive tenses; modals *would* and *could*; count/mass nouns; comparative and superlative structures
- Reads informational materials related to daily routines such as public signs, job applications, schedules, timetables, maps, diagrams, directions, prescriptions, menus, doctor and dentist forms, labels, coupons, bills advertisements
- Reads reference materials such as directories, dictionaries, guide words, reader's guide, library card catalog

Beginning	Approaching	Met	Exceeds
On occasion the student:	Sometimes the student:	Often the student:	Consistently the student:
 phonetically decodes new words 	phonetically decodes new words	 phonetically decodes new words 	 decodes phonetically most new
in familiar contexts	in familiar contexts	in familiar contexts	words in familiar contexts
 uses content clues to decode 	uses content clues to decode	uses content clues to decode	uses content clues to decode
sentences	sentences (restatements, comparison)	sentences (restatements, comparison)	(restatements, comparison)
 describes main ideas, supporting 	describes main ideas, supporting	describes main ideas, supporting	 describes main ideas, supporting
details, and basic facts			
 locates specific information (who, 			
what, where, when, how)			

WRITING CRITERIA

- Writes text that address the Level II functions of clarifying, checking, indicating understanding; stating similarities/ differences; making excuses; apologizing, complaining, agreeing/disagreeing; inviting, accepting, declining invitations; describing events, problems and situations
- Fills out basic job and school forms and applications
- Writes information text such as directions (how to's, travel), explanations (rules, regulations, guides), and letters (invitation, thank you's, requests) that employ Level II functions and grammar
- Writes narratives about personal or family situations (e.g., biographies, daily activities, dialogues) that employ the Level II functions and grammar
- Writes descriptions about people, places, objects and situations that employ Level II functions and grammar and details about the location, time, and physical attributes

characterized by:	Beginning	Beginning Approaching	Met	Exceeds
grammar and usage that do not block meaning but do distract the reader • logical and effective sentences that flow smoothly only occasional lapses in correct ESOL II grammar and usage • logical and effective sentences that structure, length, and beginned and usage • grammar and usage organized sentences that structure, length, and beginned and usage	The student writes paragraphs characterized by: • some identifiable ideas but little dentifiable internal structure or organization • word choice that is accurate but limited • little variation in sentence types and a significant number of awkward or rambling constructions • frequent, significant errors in ESOL	The student writes a paragraph characterized by: I entifiable ideas but little internal structure or in thoice that is accurate but initation in sentence types ficant number of awkward or ionstructions int, significant errors in ESOL and usage that detract from ing The student writes a paragraph characterized by: • an easily identifiable purpose and main ideas although they tend to be broad, or simplistic • an organization and structure that is skeletal with some relationship among ideas present • words that are accurate yet lacking in variety • good control over simple sentence structures • repeated weaknesses in ESOL liggrammar and usage that do not block	The student writes a paragraph characterized by: clear and focused purpose and main ideas that address a specific topic and contain relevant supporting details an organizational structure that is strong enough to move the reader through the sentences without too much confusion words that are specific, accurate, functional and appropriate to the audience logical and effective sentences that flow smoothly only occasional lapses in correct ESOL II grammar	The student writes a paragraph characterized by: clear, focused ideas that hold the reader's attention and include relevant details that enrich the central theme an organization that is clear, appropriate and enhances the central ideas vocabulary that is clear, effective, varied, accurate and appropriate to topic well-constructed and well-organized sentences that vary in structure, length, and beginnings and flow smoothly strong control of ESOL II

LISTENING CRITERIA

- Understands And responds to spoken text dealing with the functions and employing the grammar of ESOL II
- Understands and responds simple sets of instructions and directions relating to movement and position in space
- Understands and responds basic face-to face social interactions (e.g., greet, introduce self, ask about other person)
- Understands and responds to media presentations (e.g., simple recorded texts, radio programs

Beginning	Approaching	Met	Exceeds
On occasion the student:	Sometimes the student:	Often the student:	Consistently the student:
 responds to conversations, instructions, and social interactions held at a normal rate of speech but a great deal of repetition and rewording is needed on occasion identifies details and main ideas of oral presentations on occasion identifies signal words and expressions in oral interactions 	 responds to conversations, instructions, and social interactions held at a normal rate of speech but sometimes repetition and rewording is needed sometimes identifies details and main ideas sometimes identifies signal words and expressions 	 responds to conversations, instructions, and social interactions held at a normal rate of speech with little need for repetition and rewording often identifies details and main ideas often identifies signal words and expressions 	 responds to conversations, instructions, and social interactions held at a normal rate of speech without need for repetition or rewording consistently identifies details and main ideas consistently identifies signal words and expressions

SPEAKING CRITERIA

- Produces oral language that expresses the ESOL II functions and employs the ESOL II grammar
- Uses vocabulary pertaining to the ESOL II functions, grammar, and daily activities (e.g., leisure activities, stores and shopping, wildlife, sports, medical/hospital/dental, making complaints, clarifying, checking, indicating understanding; stating similarities/ differences; making excuses, apologizing, making complaints)
- Engages in basic face-to-face social interactions (e.g., greet, introduce self; ask and answer questions about occupation, work experience, family, health, hobbies, interests, needs, wants, plans, routines, emotions; respond to invitations; describe people, places, things, events, problems/solutions; agreeing/disagreeing)
- Provides sets of directions relating to movement and position in space

Beginning	Approaching	Met	Exceeds
The student's oral production: uses largely accurate vocabulary that consists of single words or minimal phrases appropriate to the level exhibits little consistency in pronunciation, stress, inflection, and intonation of familiar words includes frequent pauses and false starts, impeding understanding evidences frequent, significant errors in ESOL II grammar and usage that impede understandability is understandable only by trained ESOL instructors	The student's oral production: uses words, phrases, simple sentences appropriate to the level that are accurate but ordinary and lacking in variety exhibits some general accuracy in pronunciation, stress, inflection and intonation of many familiar words, includes pauses and false starts that frequently impede understanding evidences some weaknesses in ESOL II grammar and usage and that does not block meaning but does distract the listener evidences some ability to self-correct with prompts is readily understandable for ESOL instructors	The student's oral production: uses words, phrases, simple and complex sentences appropriate to the level that are functional and appropriate to situation and listener exhibits general accuracy in pronunciation, stress, inflection, and intonation of most familiar words and a few unfamiliar words although accent is detectable includes occasional pauses and false starts evidences only occasional lapses in correct ESOL II grammar and usage evidences the ability to employ circumlocution, "to find another way to say things" in conversations is clearly understandable by ESOL instructors and other teachers	The student's oral production: uses words, phrases, simple and complex sentences appropriate to the level that are varied, natural, accurate exhibits accuracy in pronunciation, stress, inflection, and intonation of most familiar words and some unfamiliar words with little or no accent detectable and general fluency evidences strong control of ESOL II grammar and usage evidences skill at circumlocution, "to find another way to say things" in conversations is understandable by native English speakers